

# **Certificate of Analysis**

BDG Synthesis certifies that this reference material meets or exceeds the specifications stated herein.

Barry Dent

Barry R. Dent, PhD, Director 6 September 2013

Name: Diltiazem-d<sub>5</sub> HCl

CAS Number: 33286-22-5 (unlabelled)

**Structure:** 

**Molecular Weight:**  $C_{22}H_{21}D_5N_2O_4S\cdot HCl = 456.01$ 

**Lot Number:** BDG 3733.1

**Appearance:** White, crystalline solid

**Corrected Purity:** 97.3 % (HPLC) - 0.3 % (ethanol) - 0.3 % (diethyl ether) = 96.7 %

**Isotopic Purity:** Under  $0.5 \% d_0$ 

**Re-test Date:** 6 September 2018

Storage and Handling: Temperature: refrigerate for prolonged storage; may be handled and shipped at

ambient temperature.

Humidity: not believed to be hygroscopic; may be handled in normal laboratory

atmosphere.

Light: protect from strong sunlight.

Caution: only experienced laboratory personnel should handle the material.

Version 2 (Id603) 1/5

# **Identity and Purity**

# **Proton NMR Spectrum**

Identity: the signals are consistent with the proposed structure and in accord with literature where available. The complexity of the spectrum indicates two rotamers of the product are present in solution.

Isotopic Labelling: signals at the sites of deuteration are absent, compared with the spectrum of unlabelled material, indicating clean deuteration.

Residual Solvents: small amounts of diethyl ether (0.3 % w/w) and ethanol (0.3 % w/w) are observed. Impurities: no significant impurities are evident in the spectrum.

### **Carbon-13 NMR Spectrum**

Identity: the signals are consistent with the proposed structure and in accord with literature where available. All signals are duplicated indicating that two rotamers of the product are present in solution.

Isotopic Labelling: signals at the sites of deuteration have collapsed to small multiplets compared with the spectrum of unlabelled material, indicating clean deuteration.

# **High-resolution Mass Spectrum (ESI+)**

Found m/z 420.2008.  $C_{22}H_{22}D_5N_2O_4S$  [M+H]<sup>+</sup> requires m/z 420.2005. The deviation of 1.9 ppm is within normally accepted limits for the establishment of identity by HRMS. No signal for do material was seen (detection limit about 0.5 %).

#### **HPLC**

A broad, slightly tailing peak is observed (97.3 %). An impurity at 6.6 minutes (2.5 area %) is most likely to be desacetyldiltiazem-d<sub>5</sub>. This conclusion was supported by a spiking experiment. Note: in the absence of reference materials for preparing calibration curves, it is assumed that all peaks have the same detector response. Where possible, the conditions of analysis follow a pharmacopeial or literature method, or have been adapted from same.

#### **Elemental Analysis**

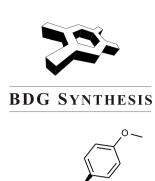
Found: C 57.57, H 5.23, D 2.38, N 6.10 %

 $C_{22}H_{21}D_5N_2O_4S\cdot HCl$ Requires: C 57.95, H 4.86, D 2.21, N 6.14 %

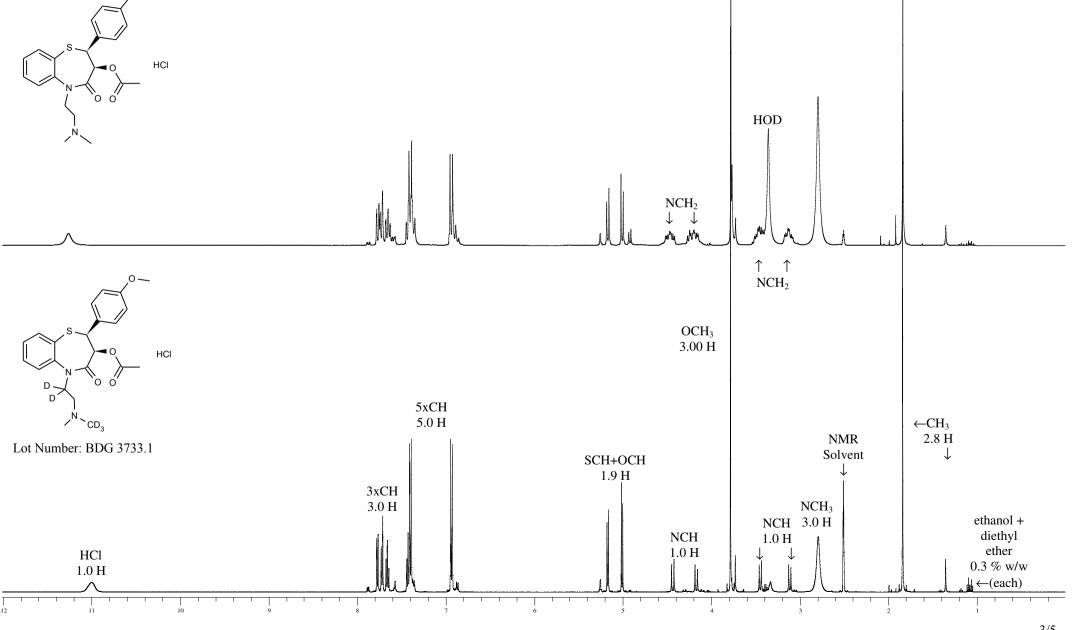
The elemental analyses fall within generally accepted limits for establishing the molecular formula given. The results may also be taken to imply the absence of significant quantities of water or inorganic salts (which have not been elsewhere tested for because of sample size limitations).

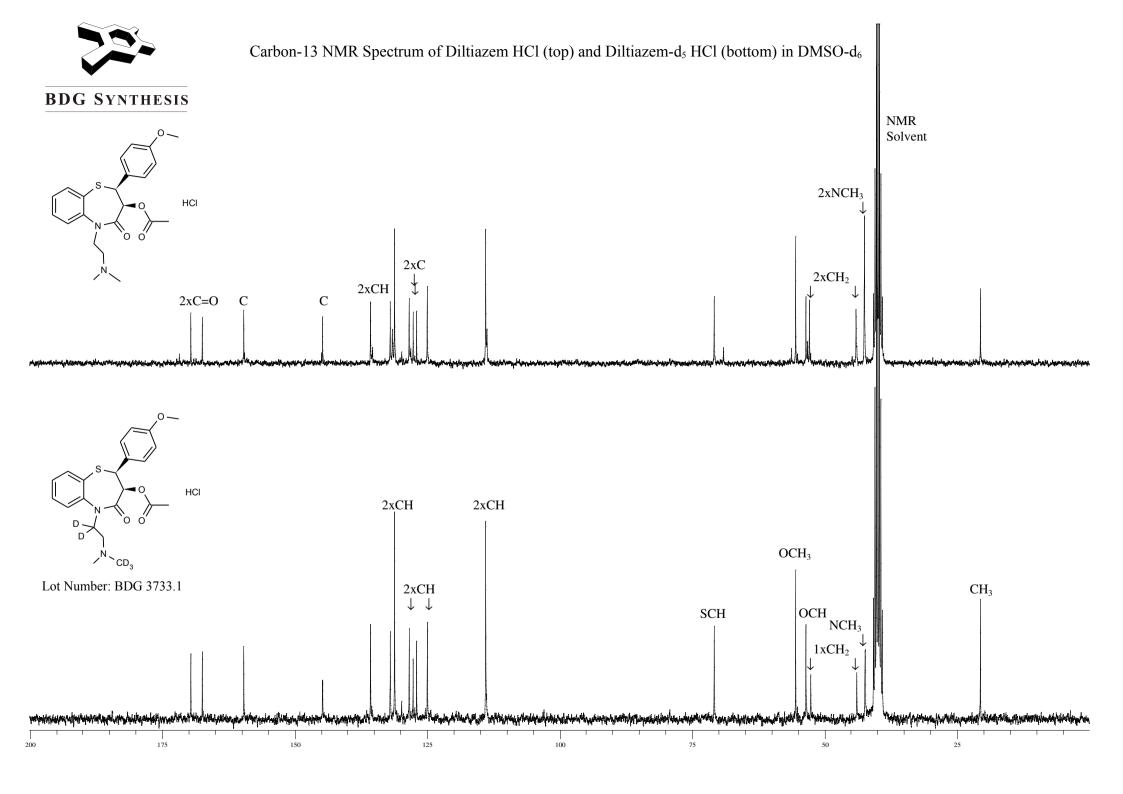
The available quantity of custom-synthesised material is always small, and this limits the extent and type of analytical data which can be obtained. This Certificate is presented in descriptive format for use by analytical chemists who are trained in the use of custom-synthesised materials. Custom materials often contain higher levels of residual solvents and/or water, and we urge you to use the corrected purity where needed rather than the raw HPLC purity. This compound is intended for use as an analytical reference material and it is not for human administration. Structures are shown with relative stereochemistry unless otherwise specified.

The re-test date is assigned from experience gained with the material in the laboratory and/or on storage. It is not possible to perform formal storage studies because of the small amount of material available.



# Proton NMR Spectrum of Diltiazem HCl (top) and Diltiazem-d<sub>5</sub> HCl (bottom) in DMSO-d<sub>6</sub> HCI HOD $\begin{matrix} NCH_2 \\ \downarrow & \downarrow \end{matrix}$ $\uparrow$ $\uparrow$ NCH<sub>2</sub> $OCH_3$ 3.00 H HCI 5xCH





# BDG - Analysis of Diltiazem-d5 HCI

Column : Phenomenex Luna C18(2)  $5 \text{um} 250 \times 4.6 \text{ mm}$  Guard : Phenomenex Security Guard C18 RP 4  $\times 3 \text{ mm}$ 

Mobile Phase: 70:25:5 50mM KH2PO4 + 0.01% N,N-Dimethyloctylamine pH=4.5 ( H3PO4): Acetonitrile:

Ethanol

Flow Rate: 1.5 mL/min Sample Solvent: Mobile Phase Column Temperature: 20C Injection Volume: 10 uL

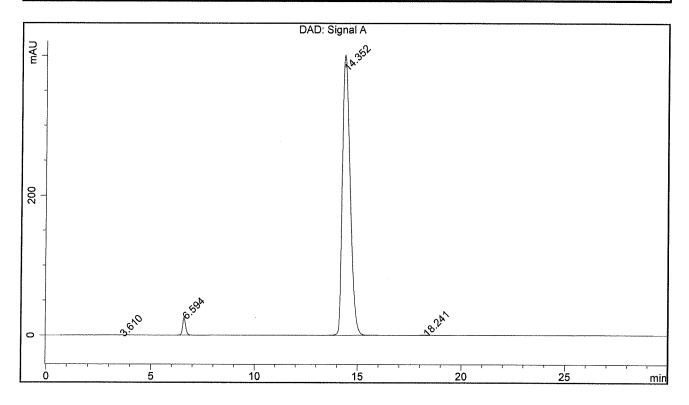
Detection: UV at 240 nm

 Sample Name
 BDG 3733.1
 Instrument
 AnalyticalLC01

 Acquisition
 06/09/2013, 09:56:36
 Method (rev.)
 LC10272a ( 4)

 Sequence
 BDG\_06Sep2013a
 Vial Position
 1

 Operator
 solvation010\cerityadmin
 Injection
 1 of 1



# **Area Percent Report**

Peak#	RT	Peak Height	Peak Area	Width	Area %
1	3.61 min	0.2360	2.5947	0.1423 min	0.024 %
2	6.59 min	25.1875	264.6320	0.1606 min	2.464 %
3	14.35 min	400.7736	10453.9028	0.4043 min	97.342 %
4	18.24 min	0.6589	18.2756	0.3376 min	0.170 %